General Specifications

Industrial Electrodes for pH/Redox

Model SC25V/ SC21 / SM21/ SR20/ SM29 /SC29/ SM60

Selecting the proper pH electrode for an application can be a challenging exercise.

The heart of a pH measuring loop is the electrode system. Yokogawa has designed a wide range of electrodes to ensure this heart keeps beating under the most severe conditions.

The dimensions and design meet the requirements of DIN 19263 (excluding the refillable types). A high degree of standardisation makes it possible to mount any electrode in the standard program of fittings.

The combination of electrode plug and cable socket is watertight and temperature is resistant up to 125°C. It meets the

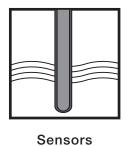
requirements of IP65.

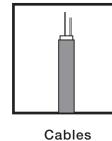
Colour coded strips on electrode, cable and clear identification of sensor specifications makes incorrect installation virtually impossible.

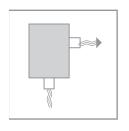
Features

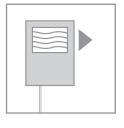
- Dome shaped membrane for "Heavy Duty" applications.
- Wide range of electrodes to suit almost all process conditions.
- Color codes strips for easy identification of electrodes and cables.
- High degree of standardisation for mounting in various flow, insertion- and immersion fittings.
- Separate electrode system for high accuracy applications.
- Reference sensors with a junction made of ceramic, PTFE pNa glass or Zirconium.
- Combination electrode with external liquid earth.

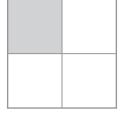
System configuration





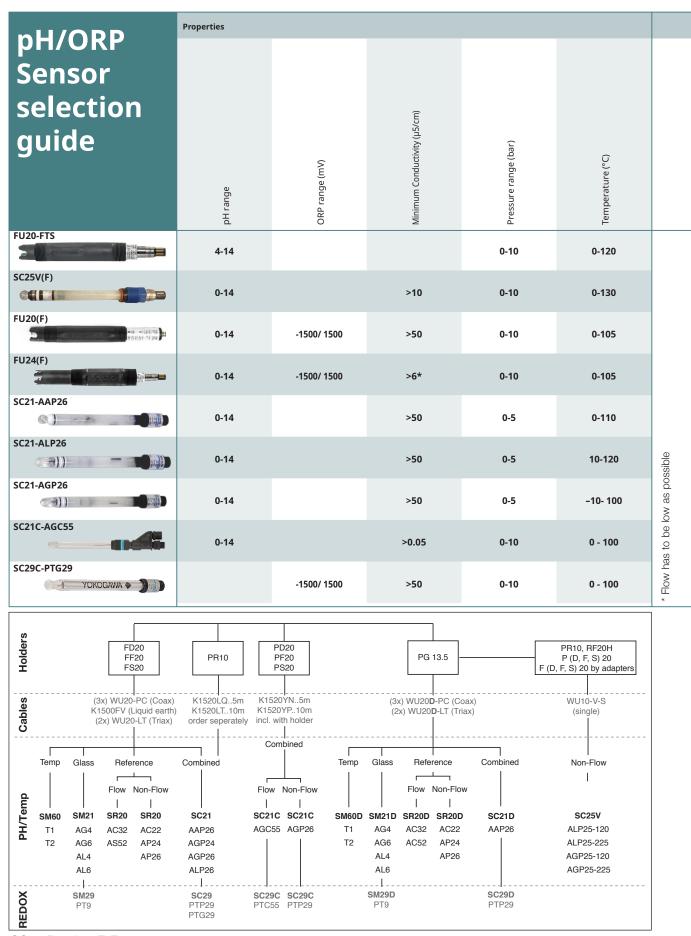






Fittings

Transmitters Accessories



GS 12B06J01-E-E

		Petroc	:hemica	I			Chemi	ical		Power				Variou	S					
High process Temperatures	High process Pressures	Sour water Stripper (also Quench (tower) water)	After sour water stripper to demin tank	Cooling tower (corrosion control)	API Seperator (waste water treatment)	Mono- and Tri- Ethylene Glycol (MEG/TEG)	Brine	Electroplating	Scrubber (Cleaning often necessary!)	Waste water treatment	Fluegas scrubber	Boiler feed water	Condensale	Fish farming	Seawater	Pulp & paper	Scrubber	Sugar	Aeration Basin	Neutralisation
•	•	•					•								•	•		•		
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	•							•								•				

• Best choice specifications of the FU20 and FU24 are in GS 12B6J3-E-E

Note	Electrode	Mounting	Reservoir	Electrolyte	Thickened electrolyte	
1	SR20-AC52	K1500BY	K1500FU	K1520VA	K1520VN	
2	SR20-AC32	FP20-S13	-	K1520VA	K1520VN	
3	SR20D-AC32	-	-	K1520VA	K1520VN	
4	SC21C-AGC55	included	K1520YA	K1520VA	K1520VN	

SC21 & SC25V Combined pH Electrodes (non-flow)

Yokogawa is continuously improving the present pH sensing portfolio and designing new pH sensors integrating the latest improvements into the new design and upgrading our present.

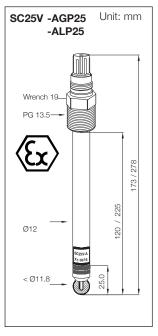
The SC25V is the latest addition to the family. Yokogawa's first combination pH sensor in a 12 mm design with an external Liquid earth. A new design made it possible to create a large electrolyte volume making this sensor last longer then most other comparible pH electrodes.

The SC21 series, already for many years Yokogawa's trusted range of combination pH electrodes, still has the same variety of choices making it easy to find the best electrode for each application.

Features SC25V

- External titanium Liquid Earth
- Pt1000 integration in pH compartment giving highly accurate temperature compensation
- ATEX certified : ATEX II1G Ex ia IIC T3...T6 Ga
- CIP and Steam cleaning possible*
- Large internal KCl volume giving the sensor a longer life time
- Measuring in applications from 10 µS/cm
- Variopin connector
- SC25V-ALP25 for chemically harsh applications and high temperatures
- SC25V-AGP25 for all General Purpose applications
- *) CIP is 2% caustic @ 80°C, Steam cleaning up to 130°C.

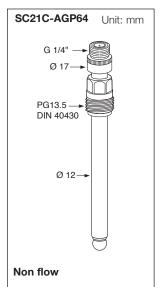
Model	Suffix	Option	Description
	Code	Code	
SC25V			Combined 12mm sensor:
			pH, Ref, LE, Temperature
			Equiped with Variopin connector
Sensor	-AGP25		General purpose
type	-ALP25		High temp: Chemical resistant
Sensor		-120	120mm
length		-225	225mm

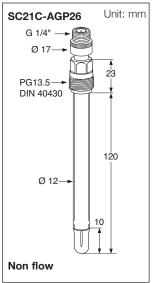


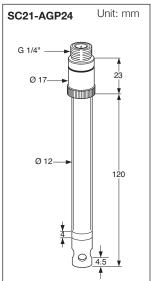


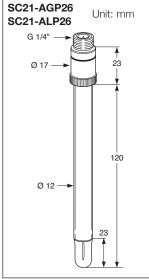
Specifications Combined pH electrodes with Temperature + Liquid earth

Туре	Membrane	Resistance	pH-range	Temp.	Pressure	Reference	Ref.	Diaph.	Atex
		in MΩ/25°C		range (°C)	range kPa	liquid		system	
SC25V-AGP25	Universal pH-glass bulb	140-260	0-14	-10 - 80	0-1000	Oversaturated KCI	Ag/AgCl (wire)	PTFE	Yes
SC25V-ALP25	Chem. Res. pH-glass dome	650-900	0-14	+15 - 130	0-1000	Oversaturated KCI	Ag/AgCl (wire)	PTFE	Yes









Characteristics of type SC21-AGP24

- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- pH bulb with cage protection.
- Less maintenance due to the gelled electrolyte and porous PTFE.
- Thickened electrolyte (3.3 m.).

Characteristics of type SC21-AAP26

- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Built-in salt bridge to prevent poisoning of the reference system.
- A large area PTFE junction to resist fouling to a high degree.

Characteristics of type SC21(C)-AGP26

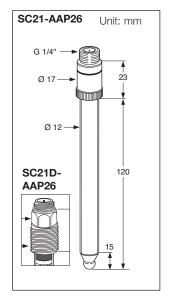
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Double junction (thickened saturated KCl-solution). The built-in salt bridge prevents poisoning of the reference system.
- Heavy duty glass membrane for prolonged operation in corrosive, abrasive and fouling environments (withstanding traces of HF).
- A large area PTFE junction to resist fouling.

Characteristics of type SC21(C)-ALP26

• Chemical resistant, steamsterilisable pH-glass.

Characteristics of type SC21C-AGP64

- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- Less maintenance by the combination of gelled electrolyte and porous PTFE.
- 3.3 m KCl electrolyte



Specifications Combined pH Electrodes (non-flow)

Туре	Membrane	Resistance	pH-range	Temp.	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Flow
		in MΩ/25°C		range (°C)	range kPa	liquid	system		
SC21-AGP24	Universal	50 - 100	0 - 14	0 - 80	1-500	3.3 m. KCl	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					Thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21(D)-AAP26	Chem. res. pH-glass bulb	250 - 400	0 - 14	0 - 110	1-500	Oversaturated	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	steam-sterilisable 3/4 bulb					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21-ALP26	Chem. res.	500 - 900	0 - 14	10 - 120	1-500	Oversaturated	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass dome					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21-AGP26	Universal	120 - 200	0 - 14	-10 - 100	1-500	Oversaturated	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					KCI thickened	Silver-silverchloride		
SC21-AGP64	Universal	50 - 100	0 - 14	0 - 80	1-500	3.3 m. KCI	Ag/AgCl (wire)	Porous PTFE	0
	pH-glass bulb					Thickened	Silver-silverchloride		

Model Type	Suffix	Description	Feature 1	Diafragn	n Feature 2	Feature 3	Feature 4	
SC21(C/D)				pH/Ref	combination electrode			
Non-flow	AAP26	Heavy duty glass dome	Ultrasonic cleanable	PTFE	SIP/ CIP	Moderate temperature	Sat. KCI	
	AGP24	General purpose glass bulb	Limited to non-CE territory	PTFE	Cage protection	Common temperature	3,3 M	
			with protection cage					
				l	General purpose with T			
	AGP26	G-glass	Heavy duty glass dome	PTFE	fluctuation compensation	Low- medium temperature	Sat. KCI	
	AGP64	G-glass	heavy duty glass bulb	PTFE	Heavy duty glass bulb	Common temperature	3,3 M	
	ALP26	L-glass	Heavyduty glass dome	PTFE	SIP/CIP	High temperature	Sat. KCI	
Flowing	AGC55	Heavy duty dome	PG13,5 process connection	Ceramic	Pressure reservoir	Flow miminizes clogging	3,3 M	
ı	AGC11	Universal pH glass bulb	Laboratory type sensor	Ceramic	Refillable		1M	

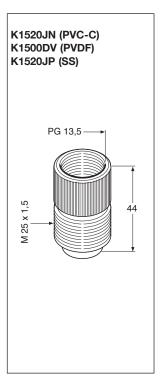
SC21C Combined pH Electrodes (Flow)

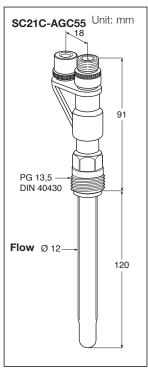
This flowing electrolyte sensors uses a ceramic reference junction, with the electrolyte (3.3 molal KCl). The flow of electrolyte through the junction, while small, remains the safest way to prevent clogging and to protect the internal reference against poisoning and diffusion.

Features for type SC21C-AGC55

- For tough application where pollution of the reference system is to be expected.
- Low ionic application where the possitive flow of electrolyte provides the conductivity needed to measure pH(< 50 μS/cm)
- Heavy duty pH sensitive glass.
- Flowing reference system for pollution resistance, and highly stable reference potential.
- PG13.5 standard DIN electrode connection.
- Adapter to ensure compatibility with full fitting program.
- Use in combination with the presurisable electrolyte reservoir to obtain a positive flow towards the process (K1520YA).

For compatibility with the Yokogawa "Compact" range of electrode holders, the SC21C-AGC55 combined sensor, has a PG13.5 DIN connector. For temperatures higher than 85°C we recommend to use the PVDF version.





Specifications Combined pH Electrodes (Flow)

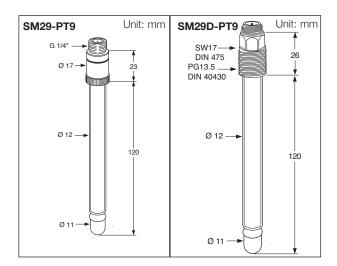
Туре	Membrane	Resistance	pH-	Temperature	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Flow
		in MOhm/25°C	range	range (°C)	liquid	system			
SC21-AGC55	Universal	120 - 200	0 - 14	0 - 100	1-500kPa (only	3.3 m KCI	Ag/AgCl pin	Ceramic	max.0.5 ml per
	pH-glass dome				with pressure				day at 10kPa
	(heavy duty)				reservoir)				overpressure

SM29 Redox Electrodes

Redox measurements are a potentiometrical measurement of the oxidizing/reducing power of a liquid. To be able to measure this equilibrium of reversible redox reactions the electrodes used should be inert. Noble electrodes such as Platinum (Pt) and Gold (Au) are widely used for this purpose and seem to approximate the behaviour of an ideal inert electrode. Platinum is used most widely, has excellent chemical resistance but suffers slightly from chemosorption of Oxygen, which slows down its response.

The potential of reference electrodes is depending on their composition. A table with the actual values for each system is given next. All values refer to 25°C. The reference system is also indicated on the textplate of the electrode.

System	Fill solution	Value against Standard Hydrogen
		Electrode
Ag/AgCI	3.3 m. KCl	203 mV
Ag/AgCI	sat. KCI	196 mV



Combined Redox Electrodes

For redox measurement Yokogawa offers non-flow general purpose electrodes and a heavy duty flow electrode. All electrodes are equiped with a solid platinum pin to provide long lifetime, even in processes that harm the platinum electrodes such as hypochloride.

SC29 Redox/pH

This combined electrode can be used in processes with a constant pH value and Redox potential. This sensor can be used in process where Redox potential is dependent on pH value. In such a case a pH/Redox converter with a high input is required. All pH/Redox converters of Yokogawa have such an input.

SC29(C) Redox/Reference Additional features for type SC29C-PTP29

- General purpose redox measurements.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) $< 5 \text{ k}\Omega$.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Double junction, thickened saturated KCl-solution.
- Built-in salt bridge prevents poisoning of the reference.
- Large area PTFE junction to resist fouling.

Additional features of type SC29-PTG29

- Bulb shaped glass membrane.
- Ag/AgCl wire reference system.
- Glass Resistance (25°C): 50 to 100 $M\Omega$.

Additional features for types SC29C-PTC55

- Heavy duty pH sensitive glass.
- Flowing reference system for pollution resistance, and highly stable reference potential.
- PG13.5 standard DIN electrode connection.
- Adapter to ensure compatibility with full fitting program.

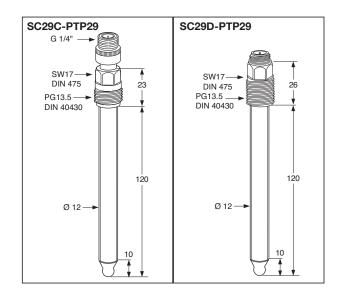
Specifications Redox Electrodes

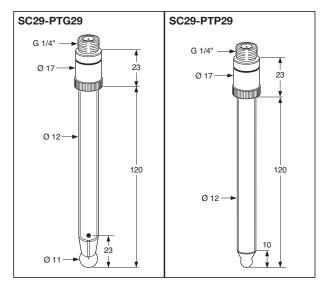
Туре	Temperature	Process	Metal
	range	pressure	surface
SM29-PT9	0 - 130°C	max. 1000 kPa	Platinum
SC29C(D)-PTP29	-10 - 100°C	max. 500 kPa	Platinum
SC29-PTG29	0 - 100°C	max. 1000 kPa	Platinum
SC29C-PTC55	-10 - 100°C	max. 500 kPa	Platinum

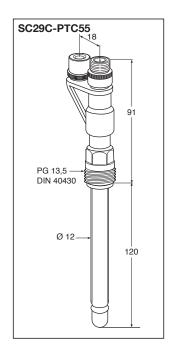
Type coding SC29 □ - □ ¯ □ □ Construction, Liquid outlet 2. = Non-flow .9 = Solid metal cup 55 = Heavy duty flow type Diaphragm, Membrane P = PTFE (teflon) membrane G = Universal glass C = Ceramic Metal PT = Platinum Connector type ☐ = Yokogawa connector

D = Din connector

C = Compact connector







SM21 Single Glass Electrodes

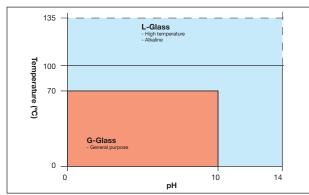
The glass membrane is the most important part of the complete pH measuring loop. pH sensitive glass has the particular property that alkali metal ions present in the texture of the glass are exchanged with H⁺ ions of the liquid. The selection of the correct type of glass electrode depends on both the type of glass membrane thickness of the glass membrane.

Two types of glass are available, as described here:

"G" glass

This is used for the membranes of electrodes in processes where the nominal pH value varies between pH0 and pH10. Since this type of glass has a wide application range it is also termed "general purpose" glass.
"L" glass

The application of "L" glass is for measurements in alkaline media with high process temperatures.



Features

- Low resistance glass for fast response and sensitivity.
- · High resistance glass for chemical resistance.
- L-glass sensors for high temperature chemically harsh applications.
- G-glass sensors for all general applications.
- "All glass" construction.
- Dimensions and design meet the requirements of DIN 19263.
- Isothermal point of intersection: pH 7 (nominal value at 0 mV).
- Maximum pressure: 1000 kPa (10 bar).
- Metal foil screening.
- Bulb membrane for general purpose.
- Dome shaped membrane for "Heavy Duty" applications.

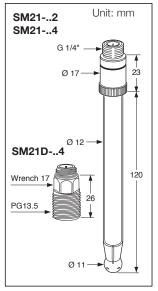
Thickness of the glass membrane

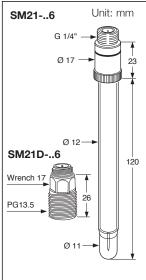
Shockproof

A bulb shaped glass membrane suitable for general purpose.

Heavy duty

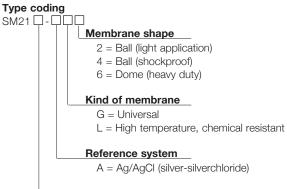
This dome shaped glass membrane is suitable for harsh and abbresive applications.





General (ball)

Heavy duty (dome)



Connector typ

- □ = Yokogawa connector
- D = Din connector
- C = Compact connector

Selection guide separate electrodes : Glass sensors

modelcode	Bulb type	Glass resistance (Mohm)	T range (°C)	Pressure (bar)	Applications	remark
SM21(D)-AG2	Universal	25-50	0-80	10	light, laboratory	fast response, high sensitivity
SM21(D)-AG4	shockproof	50-100	0-100	10	general	Universal
SM21(D)-AG6	heavy duty	120-200	0-100	10	Harsh	mechanically strong
SM21(D)-AL4	shockproof	300-450	15-130	10	High Temperature	T cont. ≥ 70°C, high chem. Resistance
SM21(D)-AL6	heavy duty	600-900	25-130	10	High T + abbresive	T cont. ≥ 70°C, high chem. Resistance

^{*} all pH glass sensors have a sodium error of 0.17 pH above pH=13 this because the glass then will see the Na+ ion as H+ ion. The pH reading is lower than it is in reality.

SR20 Single Reference Electrodes (non-flow)

The selection of the correct type of junction of a reference electrode depends on the process conditions under which this electrode has to function. The following junction types are

- available: 1. Ceramic junction.
 - 2. Glass sleeve capillary element.
 - 3. PTFE junction.

The purpose of the junction is to maintain contact between the reference system in the electrode and the process liquid. When selecting the correct junction, consideration has to be given to ensure that the process liquid does not penetrate into the electrode causing poisoning and a consequential unstable liquid junction potential.

With the first two types of junction, listed above, the KCI solution flows slowly into the process. The flow rate is dependent on the over-pressure in the electrode and on the process temperature. The electrolyte flow rate increases with increasing temperature. For use in very dirty liquids a glass sleeve capillary element is preferred because of its larger flow surface. The sleeve can be easily cleaned by first moving the ground ring upwards and then wiping the ground faces. Non-flowing reference electrodes with a porous PTFE junction can also be used in many dirty liquid applications. The dirt resistant properties of PTFE will prevent complete fouling of the diaphragm.

A non-flow type reference electrode can be used for processes that don't contain components that poison the reference system. The gel-type electrodes have a large area of porous PTFE junction for optimal resistance against electrode pollution. The SR20-AP26 electrode is the optimal choice for processes that cannot stand contamination with KCl. The SR20-AC22 electrode has a flexible PTFE tube. Therefore this electrode can be applied in processes with frequent temperature- and pressure fluctuations.

Features

- Easy maintenance.
- No reference liquid wastage.
- Maximum process pressure: 1000 kPa (10 bar).
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures.

Additional features of types SR20(D)-AC22

- Temperature / pressure variation compensation.
- To be used in non-polluting fluids.
- Saturated KCl-solution (pellets).
- For low ionic applications and high temperatures.
- Temperature range: 0 to 120°C.
- Diaphragm resistance (25°C) <5kΩ.

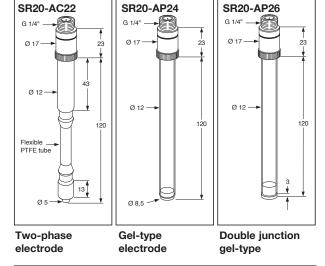
Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AP24

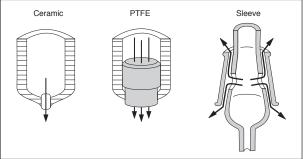
- General purpose PTFE diaphragm electrode.
- Large PTFE diaphragm.

Additional characteristics of type SR20(D)-AP26

- When KCI is prohibited in the application.
- \bullet Double junction, thickened $\ensuremath{\mathsf{KNO}}_3$ in buffer compartment.
- Large PTFE diaphragm against pollution.

Specifications Single Reference Electrodes (non-flow)





SR20 -- Liquid outlet

Type coding

- Non-flow
 - 22 = PTFE hose filled with KCl pellets
 - 24 = Filled with thickened electrolyte
 - 26 = Double junction filled with gelled Gel-type electrodeelectrolyte

Flow

- 32 = Process pressure compensated
- 52 = Refillable at the top

Diaphragm

- C = Ceramic
- P = PTFE (porous)
- S = Sleeve

Reference system

A = Ag/AgCl (silver-silverchloride)

Connector type

- ☐ = Yokogawa connector
- D = Din connector
- C = Compact connector

Туре	Temperature	Pressure	Reference	Reference system	Diaphragm	Diaphragm
	range (°C)	(bar)	liquid			resistance/25°C
SR20(D)-AC22	0 - 120	10	Saturated KCI-solution (pellets)	Ag/AgCI (pin)	Ceramic	< 5 kOhm
SR20(D)-AP24*	0 - 80	10	Thickened KCI (3.3 m.)	Ag/AgCl (pin)	PTFE	< 5 kOhm
SR20(D)-AP26*	0 - 80	10	Thickened KCI (3.3 m.)	Ag/AgCl (pin)	PTFE	< 5 kOhm
			Thickened KNO ₃ (3.3 m.)			

^{*} In application where high process temperature occur together with very low (<2) or very high (>12) pH levels the lifetime is shortened.

SR20 Single Reference Electrodes (flow) Pressure compensated Reference Electrode

In processes with pressure variations, the composition of the electrolyte may change as a result of process liquid penetration into the electrode. Any change in composition of the electrolyte may cause a measuring error or even poisoning of the reference system of the electrode. To alleviate this problem, the electrode with an integral pressure compensation system ("Bellomatic" -type electrode") may be the solution.

Reference electrode

- Flowing type sensors for dirty applications or (Ultra) pure water applications (often needs a electrolyte reservoir).
- · Non-flow type sensors for all general applications.
- Ceramic and PTFE junction: electrolyte flows slowly into the process. PTFE resists dirt.
- Glass sleeve: very dirty applications or for (Ultra) pure water applications because of the larger flow-rate.

Features

- Liquid flow output preventing diaphragm fouling and poisoning the reference system.
- High quality Ag/AgCl reference system (pin) which can stand high temperatures and temperature fluctuations.
- Standard 3.3 m. KCl electrolyte, at temp. above 70°C thickened electrolyte is advised.
- Automatic compensation for process pressure variations.
- Chemical resistant Viton Bellow material.
- Constant flow of reference liquid, independent of the process pressure variations for minimal diffusion potential.
- Suitable for pure water applications and for polluting fluids.
- Refillable, large KCl reservoir.

Note:

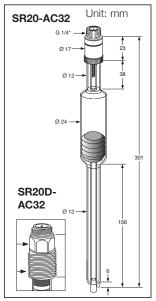
The flow is highly dependent on temperature. When using the electrode continuously at temperature over 70°C it is recommended to fill the electrode with a reference liquid having a higher viscosity, ordernr. K1520VN (3.3 m. KCl).

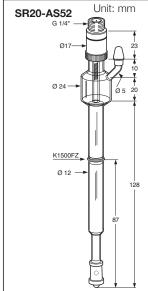
Specifications Single Reference Electrodes (flow)

The electrode function is as follows:

The electrolyte vessel of the electrode contains a bellow which is compressed in the working position. One side of the bellow is connected to the pressure via the ceramic junction and at the other side via the inner tube. The pressure inside the bellow equals the pressure outside and only the elasticity of the bellow itself causes the over-pressure which results in a flow of electrolyte. When the bellow is fully "expanded" the electrolyte is exhausted and refilling is required. The bellow must be compressed before refilling.

The refillable reference electrodes have a positive flow of electrolyte to prevent junction fouling or poisoning of the reference system. To prevent penetration of the process liquid into the electrode the pressure in the electrode must be higher than the process pressure. The ceramic junction is suitable for most applications. In strong polluting processes a sleeve junction is preferable.





Bellomatic

Bellomatic

Туре	Temp.	Pressure	Reference	Reference	Diaphragm	Diaphragm	Flow at 25°C
	range (°C)	range	liquid	system		resistance/25°C	
SR20-AS52	0 - 100	Atmospheric	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Sleeve	< 10 kOhm	Max. 5 ml/24h at
			(3.3 m.)	Silver-silverchloride			10 kPa overpressure
SR20(D)-AC32	0 - 120	0 - 1 MPa	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	< 10 kOhm	Max. 0.2 ml/day*
			(3.3 m.)*	Silver-silverchloride			
SR20(D)-AC52	0 - 100	Atmospheric	KCI-solution	Ag/AgCl (pin)	Ceramic	5 kOhm	Max. 0.5 ml/day*
				Silver-silverchloride			

Mounting Kit for SR20-AC32 type FP20-S13

This mounting kit is used whenever a refillable electrode with a large KCl reservoir is to be fitted in a flow or immersion fitting.

Specifications

Materials

Electrode mounting set : Ryton R4

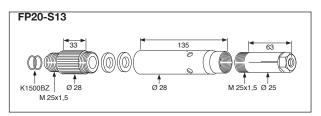
Body : stainless steel (AISI 316) Screw piece : stainless steel (AISI 316)

O-rings : silicone
Rings : silicone
Weight : approx. 120 g

Ordering Instructions

Type nr.	Description	
FP20-S13	Mounting kit for SR20-AC32	
K1500BZ	O-rings Viton 11x3 (6Pcs)	
K1500HC	Rubber ring (10x)	
K1500GE	O-rings (5x) for "BELLOMATIC" electrode	
	5 migs (6%) for BEEESTIP (116 closured)	

DIMENSIONS

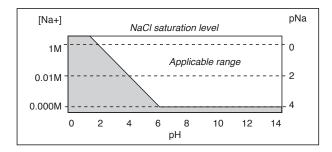


SM23 single pNa electrode

The SM23 is suitable for long term, reliable Sodium ion monitoring, Another application is to use the pNa sensor as reference electrode for pH measurement in combination with and analyzer with dual high input impedance specification. This may considerably save maintenance costs in application where the salt content is constant and pH>pNa+2.

pNa measurement is used in many applications, but the most frequent applications are found in pure water applications, where Sodium is measured to detect carry-over of salts in steam, leakage of salt through cation filters, Leakage of salt from leaking condensers.

Other applications where the pNa electrode is used for measurement is in brine solutions. Please note that accurate measurement requires that the pH is 2-3 units higher than the pNa value.



Features

- Dimensions and design meet the requirements of DIN 19263.
- Temperature range 0 100°C.
- Shockproof and heavy-duty (dome shaped) membranes.
- pNa range < 0 to 4.
- pH 2 units higher than the pNa (pH-pNa>2).
- Na+ range is 0.0001M up to saturation.

Additional characteristics for type SM23-AN4

- \bullet Glass resistance @ 25°C 100-300M $\!\Omega.$
- Suitable (Ultra-, pure-) water application.
- Shock-proof glass membrane with fast response.

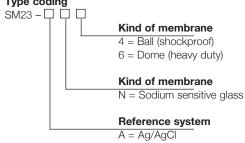
Additional characteristics for type SM23-AN6

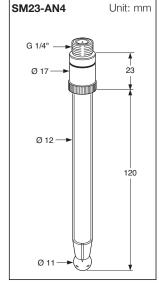
- Glass resistance @ 25°C 450 700M Ω .
- heavy-duty membrane guarantees great strength retaining the necessary sensitivity.
- Especially suitable for the more harsh processes. For example brine applications.

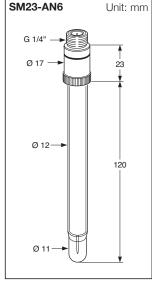
Note: The resistance may not exceed 1000 $M\Omega$ under measuring

and calibrating conditions (according DIN the resistance of

the glass may not exceed $1G\Omega$). As a general rule, the glass-resistance will increase by 100% with every temperature







Shock proof AN4

Heavy duty AN6

Specifications Single pH Glass Electrodes

Туре	Membrane	Resistance*	рН	Temperature	Reference system	Sodium error
	in MOhm/25°C	range	range	(°C)		0,1 N[Na-]/25°C
SM23-AN4	Universal pNa-glass	100-300	*	0 - 100	Ag/AgCl (pin)	n.a.
	bulb (shockproof)					
SM23-AN6	Universal pNa-glass	450-700	*	0 - 100	Ag/AgCl (pin)	n.a.
	hulb (heavy duty)					

^{*} pNa range < 0 to 4 (0.0001M up to saturation) and pH 2 units higher than the pNa (pH-pNa>2).

Electrolyte Reservoirs for F..20 fittings

The purpose of the electrolyte reservoir is dual. By mounting the electrolyte reservoir at a certain distance above the electrode, the pressure on, the reference liquid in an electrode and hence, the liquid outlet of the electrode, can be increased. The amount of electrolyte is increased, so less refilling is required. The reservoir can be connected to the electrode by a silicone tube. For fixing on top of an immersion fitting a screw thread 1/2 BSPP at the lower end of the reservoir is available.

Specifications

Material : PVC, PVC (transparent)

Temperature : max. 70°C
Tube connection : Ø 10
Screw thread : 1/2" BSPP

Ordering Instruction

Model	Description
SB20-VC	Ceramic Junction
SB20-VP	Porous PTFE Junction
SB20-VS	Glass Sleeve Junction

SB20 Salt Bridge

This reference electrode/salt bridge combination allows the measurement of pH or redox in those cases when:

- Excessive contamination of the reference diaphragm or poisoning of the reference system is expected.
 The flow of the reference liquid through the diaphragm is increased by pressuring the container. The distance to the reference system is increased. Consequently, the contamination rate will decrease.
- The process can not be contaminated with KCI.

 The salt bridge can be filled with several types of electrolytes.
- Measurement has to be performed at processes up to 1000 kPa (10 bar) and temperatures up to 100°C. As the reference electrode is mounted in the container and therefere in more favourable conditions, the lifetime will be extended reasonably. The container with reference liquid can be pressurised.

FLOW TUBE (A)

Material : glass

Flow diaphragm : ceramic, PTFE or sleeve

Connector : Ryton R4

TUBING (B)

Material : nylon
Diameter : 1/4" o.d.
Length : 5 or 10 mtr.

CONTAINER (C)

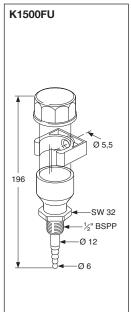
Container : PVC, PVC (transparent)

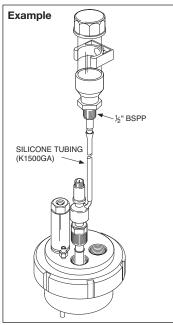
Electrode mounting set : Ryton R4
"O" ring : silicone
Connection : nylon
Weight : approx. 300 g.

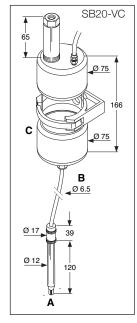
Mounting : wall mounting (screw M5)

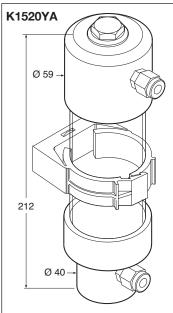
Temperature/pressure ratio : max. 200 kPa (2 bar) at 100°C

The normal standard reference electrodes can be mounted in the container. This reference electrodes can be ordered separately. For standard applications the SR20-AP24 is most suitable.









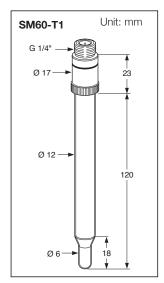
SM60 Temperature Sensor

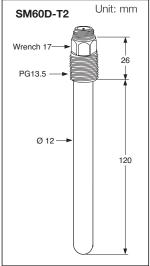
For accurate pH measurement temperature compensation is required. Either a Pt100 or a Pt 1000 temperature electrode can be selected.

Type codingSM60T1 = Pt1000 T2 = Pt100

Specifications Temperature Sensor

Туре	Temperature	Pressure	Temperature	
	sensor	range	range	
SM60-T2	Pt100	0 - 1 MPa	-20 - 150°C	
SM60-T1	Pt1000	0 - 1 MPa	-20 - 150°C	





SM60 Temperature Sensor tabel

Pt100		Pt1000		
°C	Ohm	°C	Ohm	
-25	90,15	-25	901,5	
-20	92,13	-20	921,3	
-15	94,10	-15	941,0	
-10	96,07	-10	960,7	
-5	98,04	-5	980,4	
0	100,00	0	1000,0	
5	101,95	5	1019,5	
10	103,90	10	1039,0	
15	105,85	15	1058,5	
20	107,80	20	1078,0	
25	109,74	25	1097,4	
30	111,68	30	1116,8	
35	113,61	35	1136,1	
40	115,54	40	1155,4	
45	117,47	45	1174,7	
50	119,40	50	1194,0	
55	121,32	55	1213,2	
60	123,24	60	1232,4	
65	125,26	65	1252,6	
70	127,08	70	1270,8	
75	129,00	75	1290,0	
80	130,91	80	1309,1	
85	132,81	85	1328,1	
90	134,70	90	1347,0	
95	136,60	95	1366,0	
100	138,50	100	1385,0	
105	140,40	105	1404,0	
110	142,29	110	1422,9	
115	144,18	115	1441,8	
120	146,07	120	1460,7	

Spare Parts SC21

Part no.	Description
K1500BZ	O-rings Viton 11x3 (6Pcs)
K1500FU	KCI reservoir PVC for F*20
K1500GA	5 m tube for KCl reservoir
K1500GF	1 Molal KCl sol. 250 ml
K1500GG	1 Molal KCl sol. 250 ml, thickened
K1520BA	Buffer Solution starterkit (pH 4.01, 6.87, 9.18)
K1520BB	Three bottles with NIST buffer 2.68 pH
	(replacing 6C231)
K1520BC	Three bottles with NIST buffer 4.01 pH
	(replacing 6C232 and K94)
K1520BD	Three bottles with NIST buffer 6.86 pH
	(replacing 6C237 and K94)
K1520BE	Three bottles with NIST buffer 9.18 pH
	(replacing 6C234 and K94)
K1520FJ	Tubing set, chem. cleaning 5m
K1520FK	Tubing set, chem. cleaning 10m
K1520JN	Adapter M25x1.5 - PG13.5
K1520VA	3.3 Molal KCL solution
K1520VN	3.3 molal KCl sol. 250 ml. Thickened
K1520YA	/KR for PD/PF/PS20 holders

Spare Parts SR20(D)

Part no.	Description
K1500BZ	O-rings Viton 11x3 (6Pcs)
K1500FZ	O-rings 10x4 5pcs SR20-AC52
K1500GE	O-ring sets (5x). SR20(D)C32/52
K1500GF	1 Molal KCl solution (250 ml)
K1500GG	1 Molal KCl solution (250 ml), thickened
K1520VA	3.3 molal KCl solution (250 ml.)
K1520VN	3.3 molal KCl solution (250 ml.), thickened

Spare Parts SB20

Part no.	Description
K1500BW	Flow tube for SB20-VC
K1500DW	Set of 12 cable nuts for WU20
K1500DV	Mounting adapter PG13.5 - M25 (PVDF)
K1500DX	5 m tubing for SB20
K1500EE	Flow tube for SB20-VP
K1500EF	Flow tube for SB20-VS
K1500FU	Electrolyte reservoir (SR20-A.52 / SC21-A.C52)
	(includes 2.5 mtr. silicon tubing)
K1500GA	5 mtr silicon tubing (7x4mm od,id)
K1500GF	1 Molal KCl solution (250 ml)
K1500GG	1 Molal KCl solution (250 ml), thickened
K1500GR	O-rings silicon 11x3 8pcs
K1500HD	O-rings silicon 11x3 50pcs
K1520JN	Mounting adapter PG13.5 - M25 (PVC-C)
K1520VA	3.3 molal KCl solution (250 ml.)
K1520VN	3.3 molal KCl solution (250 ml.), thickened

WU20(D) Cables for Industrial Applications

When you need optimal pH or Redox measuring results, the complete measuring loop not only requires highly qualified sensors and transmitters but also the special purpose sensor cables.

The program of Yokogawa includes a range of high quality, low-noise cables for accurate transmission of low voltage signals even in areas where interference is present. They have a shield with an internal anti-noise sheath and can be connected to all pH and ORP (Redox) electrodes fitted with an O-connector.

At the electrode end the cables are provided with a socket having spring gilded contacts for secure connection to the sensor.

The combination electrode plug and cable socket is watertight and temperature resistant up to 125°C. It meets the requirements of IP 65.

Features

- Internal anti-noise sheath for accurate measurement.
- Gold plated spring O-connectors parts, for good electrical contact under the most severe conditions.
- Coaxial plug and socket with watertight sealing that meets the requirements of IP 65.
- Cables for industrial applications and for laboratory use are available.

Coax Cables

These cables are for connecting to **single or combined** sensors fitted with an O-plug. For use at higher temperature specifications (up to 110°C continuously or 125°C for short times) and the most severe conditions.

Triax Cables

These cables are for connecting to **combined** sensors fitted with an O-plug or to **single** sensors with an O-plug for use in areas where eletrical interference is present. They have both inner, and outer shielding. In areas where electrical interference is likely we recommend to use the Triax electrode cable type WU20(D)-LT. marked with a blue strip.

Notes:

- For industrial applications the cables can be colour coded with the following marks:
 - Measuring electrode : red
 Reference electrode : yellow
 Temperature electrode : green
 Combined electrode : blue

Adhesive markers are provided for this purpose and should be fitted to both ends of the cables.

- To secure optimal conditions, the cables may not be damaged or shortened. For protection of the cables there are special hoses available of 5 or 10 mtr. (K1500CJ, K1500CK respectivily)
- 3. Suitable for use in intrinsically safe areas.

Specifications

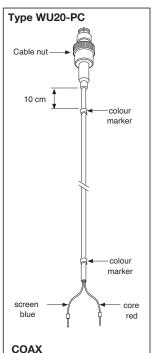
Bending radius : min. 50 mm

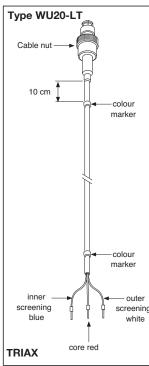
Max. temperature

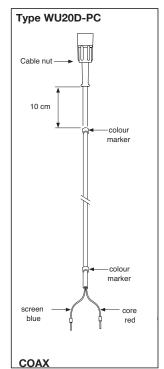
- type WU20(D)-PC : 110°C (continuously) 125°C (for short times)

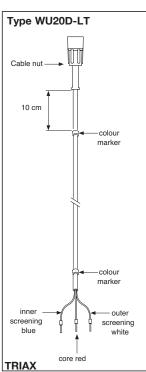
- type WU20(D)-LT : 70°C (continuously)

Wire connections : 2 mm contact pins





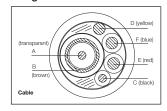


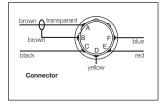


Model	Suffix code	Description
WU20(D)		Electrode cable
Type	-PC	COAX
	_LT	TRIAX
Length in m	01	1 mtr
	02	2 mtr
	05	51/ ₂ mtr
	10	10 mtr
	15	15 mtr
	20	20 mtr
	25	25 mtr

Specifications WU10-V-S-□-□

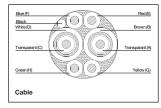
Single Coax

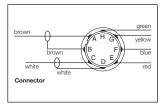




Specifications WU10-V-D-□-□

Dual Coax





Description : Multi core shielded cable with one low-

noise coax and three insulated wires

Max. temperature : 90 °C continuously and 105 °C

for max. 1000 hr.

Sheath : PVC
Colour : Black
Diameter : 6.5 mm

Internal insulation : HDPE (Polyethylene)

Isolation resistance : > 1.5 x 10¹³ Ohm between E, F and

overall shield

 $> 0.5 \times 10^{13}$ Ohm between D and overall

shield

> 1.5 x 10¹⁴ Ohm between A and overall

shield

Capacity : <100 pF/m between A and overall shield

<120 pF/m between A and B

<350 pF/m between B and overall shield

Resistance : <100 Ohm/km for A

<45 Ohm/km for wire C, E and F

<100 Ohm/km for wire D

Coaxial cable : Brown Thermoplastic Rubber sheath.

: After termination core lead insulation transparent and shield insulated with

brown cover : Diameter 3.3 mm

Wire D : Bare drain wire covered with Yellow

insulation after termination (overall shield)

Wire C : Black cover diameter 1.2 mm
Wire E : Red cover diameter 1.5 mm
Wire F : Blue cover diameter 1.5 mm

Description : Multi core shielded cable with two low-

noise coaxes and four insulated wires

Max. temperature : 105 °C continuously and 125 °C

for max. 3000 hr.

Sheath : Thermoplastic Rubber sheath copper

stabilized

Colour : Black Diameter : 7 mm

Internal insulation : Thermoplastic Rubber sheath copper

stabilized

Isolation resistance $: > 1.5 \times 10^{13}$ Ohm between E, F, G, H and

overall shield

> 0.5 x 10¹³ Ohm between black wire and

overall shield

> 1.5 x 10¹⁴ Ohm between A and overall

hiald

Capacity : <90 pF/m between A, C and overall shield

<120 pF/m between A and B and between

C and D

<350 pF/m between B, D and overall

shield

Resistance : <100 Ohm/km for A and C

<45 Ohm/km for wire C, E and F <100 Ohm/km for wire D

Coaxial cables : Brown or white Thermoplastic Rubber

sheath copper stabilized.

: After termination core lead insulation

transparent and shield insulated with

brown or white cover : Diameter 2.7 mm

Black wire (drain) : Bare drain wire covered with Black

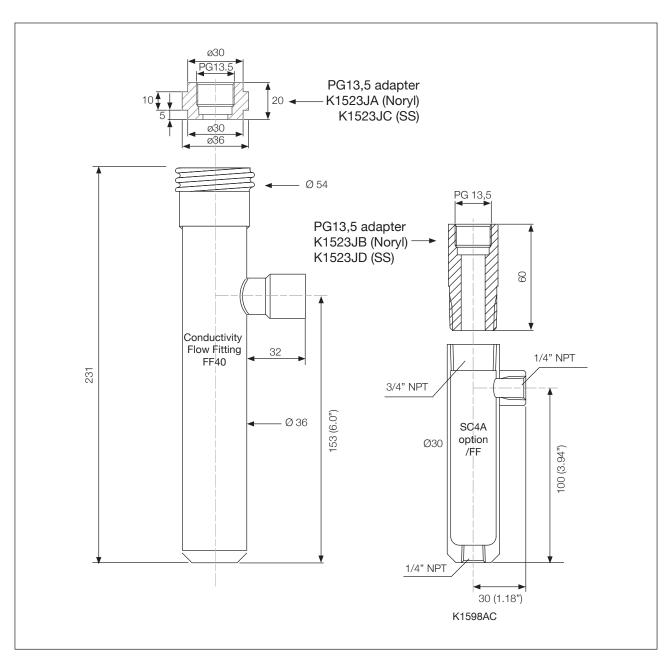
insulation after termination (overall shield)

Wire E : Red cover diameter 1.4 mm
Wire F : Blue cover diameter 1.4 mm
Wire G : Yellow cover diameter 1.4 mm
Wire H : Green cover diameter 1.4 mm

Flame retardant in accordance to IEC 60332-1

Model and Suffix codes

Model	Suffix	Code		Description
WU10				Sensor cable
Connector type	-V	-V		Variopin
Cable type		-S		Single Coax
		-D		Dual Coax
Cable length			-02	2 meters
			-05	5 meters
			-10	10 meters
			-15	15 meters
			-20	20 meters



Adapter to fit sensors with a PG13.5 process connection in FF40/FS40 and FD40 fittings. Material: Polypropylene K1523JA Noryl adapter PG13.5 K1523JC Stainless Steel adapter PG13.5

Stainless Steel Flow fitting option /FF K1598AC (incl. 3.1 B certificate) with Adapter K1523JB (Noryl) or K1523JD (SS) to fit sensors with PG13.5 process connection

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